UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA SAVANNAH DIVISION

DOMINIC BROWN,)		
)		
Movant,)		
)		
v.)	Case No.	CV413-074
	j		CR404-161
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,)		010101 101
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·)		
Respondent.)		

REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION

Dominic Brown has submitted for filing his second 28 U.S.C. § 2255 motion, again attacking his 2004 conviction and 300-month sentence for carjacking, possession of a firearm by a convicted felon, and possession of a firearm in furtherance of a crime of violence. (Doc. 1); see United States v. Brown, No. CR404-161 (S.D. Ga. Jan. 24, 2005); Brown v. United States, No. CV406-087 (S.D. Ga. Oct. 19, 2006) (first § 2255 motion). Since this is a successive motion, Brown must first "move in the appropriate court of appeals for an order authorizing the district court to consider the application." 28 U.S.C. § 2244(b)(3)(A); see 28 U.S.C. § 2255(h) (cross-referencing § 2244 certification requirement). In fact, this Court must dismiss second or successive petitions, without awaiting any

response from the government, absent prior approval by the court of appeals. *Tompkins v. Sec'y, Dep't of Corrs.*, 557 F.3d 1257, 1259 (11th Cir. 2009); *Nunez v. United States*, 96 F.3d 990, 991 (7th Cir. 1996); *see also Hill v. Hopper*, 112 F.3d 1088, 1089 (11th Cir. 1997).

Because Brown has filed this latest § 2255 motion without prior Eleventh Circuit approval, this Court is without jurisdiction to consider it. Consequently, it should be **DISMISSED** as successive. Additionally, applying the Certificate of Appealability ("COA") standards set forth in *Brown v. United States*, 2009 WL 307872 at * 1-2 (S.D. Ga. Feb. 9, 2009) (unpublished), the Court discerns no COA-worthy issues at this stage of the litigation, so no COA should issue. 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(1); see Alexander v. Johnson, 211 F.3d 895, 898 (5th Cir. 2000) (approving sua sponte denial of COA before movant filed a notice of appeal). And, as there are no non-frivolous issues to raise on appeal, an appeal would not be taken in good faith. Thus, in forma pauperis status on appeal should likewise be **DENIED**. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(3).

SO REPORTED AND RECOMMENDED this 2/54 day of May, 2013.

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA